

Coding stage – Session 5

Coding Sarcomas

Liesbet Van Eycken

Contents

UICC, TNM 8th edition, 2016

Preface XII Acknowledgments XIV Organizations Associated with the TNM System XV Members of UICC Committees Associated with the TNM System XVI Section Editors XVII

Introduction 1

Head and Neck Tumours 17 Lip and Oral Cavity 18 Pharynx 22 Larynx 31 Nasal Cavity and Paranasal Sinuses 36 Unknown Primary – Cervical Nodes 40 Malignant Melanoma of Upper Aerodigestive Tract 45 Major Salivary Glands 47 Thyroid Gland 51

Digestive System Tumours 55

Oesophagus and Oesophagogastric Junction 57 Stomach 63 Small Intestine 67 Appendix 70 Colon and Rectum 73 Anal Canal and Perianal Skin 77 Liver 80 Intrahepatic Bile Ducts 83 Gallbladder 85 Perihilar Bile Ducts 87 Distal Extrahepatic Bile Duct 89 Ampulla of Vater 91



Pancreas 93 Well-Differentiated Neuroendocrine Tumours of the Gastrointestinal Tract 96

Lung, Pleural, and Thymic Tumours 105 Lung 106 Pleural Mesothelioma 113 Thymic Tumours 115

Tumours of Bone and Soft Tissues119Bone120Soft Tissues124Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumour (GIST)127

Skin Tumours131Carcinoma of Skin133Skin Carcinoma of the Head and Neck136Carcinoma of Skin of the Eyelid139Malignant Melanoma of Skin142Merkel Cell Carcinoma of Skin147

Breast Tumours 151

Gynaecological Tumours 159 Vulva 161 Vagina 164 Cervix Uteri 166 Uterus – Endometrium 171

Uterine Sarcomas 175

Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, and Primary Peritoneal Carcinoma 179 Gestational Trophoblastic Neoplasms 184

Urological Tumours 187

Penis 188 Prostate 191 Testis 195 Vidney 199 -

Renal Pelvis and Ureter 202 Urinary Bladder 204 Urethra 208

Adrenal Cortex 211

Ophthalmic Tumours 215 Carcinoma of Conjunctiva 216 Malignant Melanoma of Conjunctiva 218 Malignant Melanoma of Uvea 221 Retinoblastoma 226 Sarcoma of Orbit 230 Carcinoma of Lacrimal Gland 232

Hodgkin Lymphoma 235

Non-Hodgkin Lymphomas 239

Essential TNM 241

Paediatric Tumours247Gastrointestinal Tumours247Bone and Soft Tissue Tumours248Gynaecological Tumours249Urological Tumours250Ophthalmic Tumours251Malignant Lymphoma252Central Nervous System252

Sarcoma

- Tumours of Bone
- Tumours of Soft Tissues
 - Extremity and superficial trunk
 - Retroperitoneum
 - Head and neck
 - Thoracic and abdominal viscera
- Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumour (GIST)
- Uterine sarcomas
 - Leiomyosarcoma, endometrial stromal sarcoma
 - Adenosarcoma



Bone

- Topography C40-C41, **specific T-categories for**:
 - Appendicular Skeleton, Trunk, Skull and Facial Bones
 - Spine (no stage available)
 - Pelvis (no stage available)
- **Histology**: All primary malignant bone tumours
 - Exceptions: lymphoma, myeloma, surface/juxtacortical osteosarcoma, juxtacortical chondrosarcoma
- Histopathological grade: low grade (G1) high grade (G2, G3) needed for stage

Crani

Clavicle Manubrium Scapula Sternum Ribs

Humerus

Carpals Metacarpals Phalanges

Femu

Patella Tibia Fibula

Tarsals Metatarsals Phalanges Ulna Radius

Pelvic gindle

Spinal Column Cervical Vertebrae po Thoracic Vertebrae m

Lumba

Sacrum Coccyx

Vertebrae

 Example: Stage IA: T1 N0 M0 - G1, GX Low Grade Stage IIA: T1, N0, M0 - G2, G3, High Grade



Bone: T and N- category principles

- T-category based on dimensions and anatomic extensions
 - Principle of 'segments' for spine and pelvic sarcomas
- N-category: N0-N1
 - Regional lymph nodes: appropriate to the site of the primary tumour
 - Node involvement is rare
 - Even when no clinical/pathological assessment available: N0 can be considered instead of (p)NX



Bone: Spine segments for staging

Anterior view

Lateral view

Posterior view

See e.g. figure 38.1 p.473 AJCC manual TNM 8th edition

T: number of spinal segments involved or involvement of the spinal canal/great vessels.

e.g. 5 Vertebral segments: right/left pedicle, right/left body, posterior element

- T1 = 1 or 2 adjacent vertebral segments.
- T2 = three adjacent vertebral segments.
- T3 = >4 adjacent vertebral segments, or any tumour involving nonadjacent segments.
- T4 = invasion of spinal canal or the great vessels.



Bone: Pelvic segments for staging

See e.g. Figure 38.2 p.474 AJCC manual TNM 8th edition

T is defined primarily by the number of pelvic segments involved, the presence of extraosseous extension, or involvement of the pelvic vessels.

- T1 = 1 pelvic segment without extraosseous extension.
- T2 = 1 pelvic segment with extraosseous extension or 2 segments without extraosseous extension.
- T3 = 2 pelvic segments with extraosseous extension.
- T4 = 3 pelvic segments, extend across the sacroiliac joint, encase the external iliac vessels, or presence of gross tumour within the pelvic vessels.



Soft tissue: criteria TNM classification

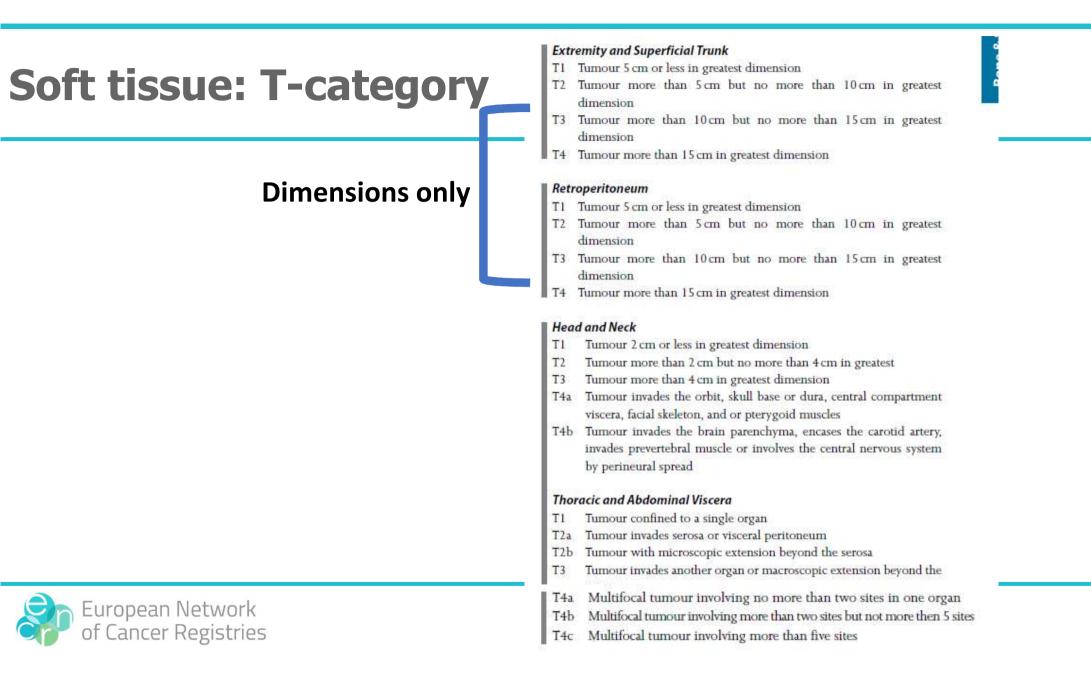
- Topography C38.1-3, C47-C49, C00-C14, C15-C26, C50,, **specific T-categories** for:
 - Extremity and Superficial trunk
 - Retroperitoneum
 - Head and neck (no stage)
 - Thoracic and abdominal viscera (no stage)
- Histological types not included:
 - Kaposi sarcoma, dermatofibrosarcoma, sarcoma from dura mater or brain, angiosarcoma
 - Cystosarcoma phyllodes is staged as a STS of the superficial trunk
- Histopathological grade: low grade (G1) high grade (G2, G3) needed for stage
 - Extremity
 - Stage IA: T1 N0 M0 G1, GX Low Grade
 - Stage II: T1, N0, M0 G2, G3, High Grade



Soft tissue: T and N- category principles

- T-category based on localization, dimensions and anatomic extensions
- N-category: N0-N1
 - Regional lymph nodes: appropriate to the site of the primary tumour
 - Node involvement is rare
 - Even when no clinical or pathological assessment available: N0 can be considered instead of (p)NX





Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumour (GIST)

- Topography C15-C20, C48.0-2;8
- T-category: dimension only

- T1 Tumour 2 cm or less
- T2 Tumour more than 2 cm but not more than 5 cm
- T3 Tumour more than 5 cm but not more than 10 cm
- T4 Tumour more than 10 cm in greatest dimension
- Histopathological grade: needed for stage
 - Low mitotic rate: 5 or fewer per 50 hpf High mitotic rate: over 5 per 50 hpf
 e.g. gastric tumour T2N0M0: Stage IA: if low mitotic rate – Stage II if high mitotic rate
- N-category N0-N1
 - Regional lymph nodes: appropriate to the site of the primary tumour
 - Node involvement is rare: Even when no clinical or pathological assessment available: N0 can be considered instead of (p)NX
- Stage: Gastric GIST and intestinal GIST



Uterine sarcoma–FIGO/TNM

Adenosarcoma

TATA

T – Primary tumour

FICO

D. Cult

Laiomyosara	oma Endor	notrial stromal sarcoma	TNM categories		FIGO Stage	Definition
Leiomyosarcoma, Endometrial stromal sarcoma T – Primary tumour			T1		Ι	Tumour limited to the uterus
				Tla	IA	Tumour limited to the endometrium/ endocervix
TNM categories	FIGO Stage	Definition		T1b	IB	Tumour invades to less than half of the myometrium
T1	Ι	Tumour limited to the uterus	i			And a second sec
T1a	IA	Tumour 5 cm or less in greatest dimension		T1c	IC	Tumour invades more than half of the
T1b	IB	Tumour more than 5 cm		·		myometrium
T2	II	Tumour extends beyond the uterus, within the pelvis	T2		Π	Tumour extends beyond the uterus, within the pelvis
T2a	IIA	Tumour involves adnexa		T2a	IIA	Tumour involves adnexa
T2b	IIB	Tumour involves other pelvic tissues		T2b	IIB	Tumour involves other pelvic tissues
T3	III	Tumour infiltrates abdominal tissues	T3		III	Tumour involves abdominal tissues
T3a	IIIA	One site		T3a	IIIA	One site
T3b	IIIB	More than one site		T3b	IIIB	More than one site
N1	IIIC	Metastasis to regional lymph nodes	N1		IIIC	Metastasis to regional lymph nodes
T4	IVA	Tumour invades bladder or rectum	T4		IVA	Tumour invades bladder or rectum
M1	IVB	Distant metastasis	M1		IVB	Distant metastasis

- Exercises sarcoma
- <u>https://create.kahoot.it/share/sarcoma-exercises/03eeb2dc-e3c2-44da-8cd9-0f5d968b1bdd</u>



